PROJECT EVALUATION and COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS

(As required by Section 869-A3 of New York General Municipal Law)

Project Applicant: Omni Navitas Holdings, LLC, Gouv Solar 126 Little Bow Road - South,

Project #4001-20-10

<u>Project Types and Evaluation Criteria</u>: The Agency, in its discretion, shall evaluate each project type below based on the totality of applicable factors, taking into account the total economic impact, and no one factor may be determinative. In any case where a project may be categorized by more than one type listed below, the evaluative criteria for each applicable project type should be applied to the applicable component of the project.

- 1) Manufacturing/Warehousing/Distribution Projects
- 2) Agricultural/Food Processing Projects
- 3) Adaptive Reuse/Community Development Projects
- 4) Tourism Projects
- 5) Other Retail Projects
- 6) Back Office/Data or Call Center Projects
- 7) Energy Production Projects
- 8) Affordable Housing Projects
- 9) Senior Housing Projects
- 10) Market Rate Housing Projects
- 11) Other Projects

Energy Production Projects

For Energy Production Projects, the Agency should consider the following criteria, as applicable:

- The information provided in the Cost Benefit Analysis;
- The capital investment being made by the applicant;
- The impact, if any, from local labor construction for the project;
- Wage rates (above median wage for area);
- In region purchases (percentage of overall purchases for project)
- Advances renewable energy production/transmission goals;
- How the project advances renewable energy production/transmission goals; and
- The need being met for the municipality and/or region.

Omni Navitas Holdings, LLC, a solar development company, is developing plans for a 4.0 MW-AC solar array to be installed on approximately 24.3 acres of agricultural field located on a tax parcel at 126 Little Bow Road, in the Town of Gouverneur. The total site acreage at the project location (tax parcel IDs: 159.003-1-20.11) is 161.10 acres. This property currently has a land assessed tax value of \$46,080.00, providing approximately \$1,239 in property tax payments.

Activities include the installation of a ground-mounted solar energy system comprised of Tier 1 modules in a fixed tilt setup, equipment pads for transformers, and a gravel access road coming off of Cousin town Road. The system will be installed to maximize production and output, while minimizing the disturbance of any soils. The entirety of the solar system will be installed to grade, with minimal excavation for equipment pads and conductors. At the end of the project life, the solar system will be decommissioned, and the property will be restored to its existing condition.

Omni Navitas Holdings, LLC will participate in the NYSERDA NY-Sun Initiative to provide clean energy to local businesses and residences. The community solar credits generated by the project will be sold to local residents and small businesses at a discount to retail electricity prices, providing a long-term economic impact to subscribers.

Omni Navitas Holdings, LLC, is developing multiple community solar projects across upstate New York. Currently, Source has proposed community solar projects in Oswego County, Chautauqua County, Onondaga County, Oneida County and Cortland County in development.

In addition to revenue provided to local landowners and taxing jurisdictions, there are a number of other benefits provided by community solar project development. Solar projects generate clean renewable energy that feeds the local utility grid. Through monetary crediting, that energy can be shared with customers in the same utility service area, providing direct savings on local utility bills in the form of dollar-value credits.

Projects such as this one support the goals of the New York State Climate Leadership and Community Protection Act (as summarized by the New York State Tug Hill Commission document, "*Planning for Offsite Solar Energy Projects*, February 2020):

The purpose of the Climate Act is to adopt measures to put New York on a path to reduce statewide greenhouse gas emissions by 85% percent by 2050 and net zero emissions in all sectors of the economy, through the development of a scoping plan. The goals of the Climate Act are (1) greenhouse gas emissions reduction, (2) renewable energy development, (3) improved energy efficiency, (4) a clean energy economy, and (5) resilient and distributed energy systems.1

Specifically related to solar energy, the law states that New York will:

- Increase the Renewable Energy Standard to 70% by 2030
- Double the target for distributed solar power to 6 gigawatts by 2025
- Install 3 gigawatts of statewide energy storage capacity by 2030

The above targets do not include utility-scale solar, which is estimated to increase by 5 gigawatts by 2025. For reference, one megawatt (MW) of energy can power approximately 150 homes, conservatively. To produce 1 MW of solar energy, approximately five to seven acres of solar panels are needed. Theoretically, a 4 MW project (i.e. 24 acres of solar panels) could power all the homes in the village of Adams. To meet Climate Act goals, it is estimated that between 34,000 to 68,000 acres of land is needed for solar panels in New York State, or at least 1.7 square miles of solar panels per county if equally distributed among the 62 counties.

Further background information on community-scale solar projects from the same report includes:

For purposes of this paper, community-scale solar includes projects that take advantage of NYSERDA's NY-Sun community solar incentives. To qualify, individual projects must be 5 MW or less but may be grouped together in a series of <=5 MW projects. These projects sell energy to local subscribers, and provide taxing jurisdictions with payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) agreements in the \$2,000-\$5,500 per MW range. The electricity generated from community solar projects does not count toward meeting the goals of the state's Renewable Energy Standard (RES). A 2 MW community solar project would typically include approximately 10 acres of panels. Local examples of community solar projects would be the proposed Nexamp projects in the towns of Adams (4.6 MW) and LeRay (4.9 MW), where 600-700 National Grid subscribers would be able to subscribe to each array.

Evidence for regional alignment of projects such as the proposed Omni Navitas Holdings facility is found within the *North Country 2019 Progress Report* created by the North Country Regional Economic Development Council, which specifically highlights clean energy development in the Implementation of Key Regional Priorities section of the Report:

CLEAN ENERGY

Strategy:

Increase renewable energy generation, distribution, storage capacity and clean energy jobs, and reduce community and business costs through energy efficiency improvements.

Forty-four percent of New York State's existing renewable generation capacity is coming from the North Country, supporting about 2,000 direct and indirect jobs. The North Country continues to support the development of various forms of renewable energy to support jobs, advance the clean energy goals of New York, and to reduce energy costs for the region's businesses and residents.

COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS

(As required by Section 869-A3 of New York General Municipal Law)

Project Applicant: Project Applicant: Omni Navitas Holdings, LLC, Gouv Solar 126 Little Bow Road – South, Project #4001-20-10

Esti	Estimated COST of Agency Assistance							
1.	1. Sales and Use Tax Exemption							
	a. Amount of Project Cost Subj	ject to Tax: Sales and Use Tax Rate	\$ N/A					
	b. Estimated Exemption:	Sales and Osc Tax Rate	\$ 0					
2.	Mortgage Recording Tax Exen	nption						
	a. Projected Amount of Mortga	-	\$ N/A 0.75%					
	b. Estimated Exemption:	Mortgage Recording Tax Rate	\$ 0					
3.	Real Property Tax Exemption	Real Property Tax Exemption						
	 a. Investment in Real Property b. Pre-project Assessment c. Projected Post-project Asses d. Equalization Rate (for refere e. Increase in Assessed Value of f. Total Applicable Tax Rates p g. Estimated Taxes over PILOT h. PILOT Payments over PILO i. Net Exemption Amount 	ence only) of Property per \$1,000 Γ Period (RPTL 581-a)	Town of Gouverneur 4,036,000 46,080 0* 95% 0* \$27.45					
4.	Interest Exemption [Bond Only a. Total Estimated Interest Exp b. Total Estimated Interest Exp c. Interest Exemption OTAL ESTIMATED EXEMPTI	ense (Assuming Taxable interest) ense (Assuming Tax Exempt Interest) $(a - b)$	\$N/A \$ 0					

The property has a current assessed value of approximately \$46,080. The base value of the property would not be impacted by the PILOT. Proposed PILOT Payments of \$4,250 per MW would result in payments of \$17,000 to the Town, School, and County in year 1 with 2% escalator for a total 20 year PILOT payments of \$413,055.

Due to the unique nature of the proposed project, the proposed PILOT represents a deviation from the standard IDA PILOT as outlined in the St. Lawrence County Industrial Development Agency's Uniform Tax Exemption Policy. Per that Policy, the IDA has sought, and received the consent of the local affected taxing jurisdictions for the proposed PILOT.

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Estimated BENEFIT of Agency Assistance

EMPLOYMENT COMPARISON:

Do not include construction jobs relating to the Project.

- Full Time: Permanent employee who works 30 or more hours each week, and does so on a regularly-scheduled basis.
- Part Time Temporary/Seasonal: Any employee who works fewer than 30 hours each week, and does so on an occasional, temporary or as-needed basis.

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)
			Average	Number of Jobs	Number of Jobs	Number of Jobs	Total New
	Current	Average Annual	Annual Benefit	Created	Created	Created	Jobs
Jobs	Jobs	Wage	Cost	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Created
Full Time							
Management		\$	\$				
Professional		\$	\$				
Administrative		\$	\$				
Production		\$	\$				
Independent Contractor		\$	\$				
Other:		\$	\$				
Total		\$	\$				
Part Time							
Management		\$	\$				
Professional		\$	\$				
Administrative		\$	\$				
Production		\$	\$				
		\$60/hr					
Independent Contractor		(estimated #	\$	2			2
		hours year??					
Other:		\$	\$				
Total		\$	\$				

ESTIMATED OTHER BENEFITS:

Sales Tax Revenue (New Product)	This project will result in the manufacturing or selling of a new product, and the estimated amount of annual sales taxes that will be generated on retail sales of the new project is \$.		
Sales Tax Revenue (Existing Product)	This project will result in increased production or sales of an existing product, and the estimated amount of annual sales tax that will be generated on the retail sales of the increased production is \$.		
Real Property Taxes	The amount of annual real property taxes that will be payable on the project at the end of the PILOT Agreement will be determined based on the assessed value assigned to the project at that time. The base value of the underlying property is expected to have no significant change in value.		
Construction Jobs	This project will help generate approximately 20 construction jobs.		
Community and Regional Benefit	 Additional revenue to taxing jurisdictions Renewable energy development in support of NYS CLCPA Community Solar Project offering local electric bill savings Aligns with Implementation of Key Regional Priority items highlighted in NCREDC 2019 Progress Report Local purchases of building supplies, concrete, aggregate 		